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WEATHER—CLOUDY; COLD WAVE TONIGHT.

WASHINGTON, D. C., MONDAY, JANUARY 17, 1916.

ONE CENT.

In Washington and Points Suburban Thereof, ELSEWHERE TWO CENTS.

ITALY TO GIVE AID TO SERBIA AND MONTENEGRO

Rome Dispatch Says "Active and Adequate" Help Will Be Offered.

DEFINITE DECISION MADE

Announcement Follows Conferences Between King Victor and His Ministers.

MONTENEGRINS RETREATING

Evacuate Two Towns East of Cetinje, Says Report—Teutons Capture 250 and Depot.

Special Cable to The Washington Herald. Paris, Jan. 16.—Italy has decided at last to give "active and adequate" aid to Serbia and Montenegro, according to a Rome dispatch.

Steps to this end, the dispatch says, have been taken as the result of long conferences between King Victor Emmanuel and his ministers of war, marine and foreign affairs.

Meanwhile, the Montenegrins are reported to have evacuated the towns of Njasi and Podgoritsa, to the east of Cetinje.

The official statement issued at Vienna today adds that the Austro-Hungarians north of Gradowo, near the Albanian frontier, have captured 30 Montenegrins together with a fully equipped ammunition depot.

"The pursuit of the Montenegrins continues," concludes the official note, "and the number of prisoners captured near Berane (in the interior of Montenegro) has reached 400."

The Montenegrin government has arrived at Scutari, according to further Vienna advices, and the Serbian government is to be removed to the island of Corfu. This, the dispatch adds, is the result of the recent seizure by the French with the avowed purpose of making it a rallying point for the scattered remnants of the Serbian army.

A Saloniki dispatch to the Paris Temps, dated Saturday, tells of a delay in the proposed offensive of the Teutonic-Bulgarian-Turkish troops against Saloniki. The dispatch says no advance probably will be made for two weeks because of difficulties encountered in the transport of artillery and munitions.

Feels Fine After Thirty-day Fast

Senate Committee Clerk Will Eat Food First Time in Month Today.

With the drinking of a glass of milk and the eating of a little toast, J. Ray Adams, clerk to the Senate Committee on Woman Suffrage, will this morning break a thirty-day fast, undertaken in a desperate effort to cure indigestion, from which he suffered for more than a year.

A shrinking of the flesh on his face, and a slight hollowiness around the eyes, are the only visible effects of the fast. Despite the fact that not a morsel of solid or liquid food, other than water, has passed his lips during the past month Mr. Adams has not missed a single working day or deviated in the least from his daily routine.

According to a statement made yesterday, he feels in just as good physical condition as he has had ten three meals each day. "Better in fact," said Mr. Adams, "because I have not felt a trace of the pains, with which I formerly suffered, since the second day of my fast."

Each morning, upon arising, during the past thirty days, Mr. Adams has taken some glass of hot water. During the remainder of the day his only refreshments consisted of copious drafts of cold water. He has lost about ten pounds in weight, but has suffered practically no loss in strength.

Denies Cruiser Was Sunk

Berlin (wireless via Sayville), Jan. 16.—Vienna reports that the Stefani Agency, on January 14, forwarded a communication to the effect that the French submarine Foucault had sunk an Austro-Hungarian cruiser of the Novara type. Vienna states that since no Austro-Hungarian warship is missing the Foucault must have sunk an entente warship by mistake.

"Quiet" Day on Front

London, Jan. 16.—British headquarters reports it has been a quiet day, although there has been some hostile shelling about Givency and Ypres. The allies' artillery bombarded a German stronghold north of Ypres with satisfactory results.

Vatican Flames Under Control

Rome, Jan. 16.—Fire broke out in the Vatican today in the arsenal of the Swiss Guards. It spread to the vestry of the Vatican, but was soon put under control.

Progressives Sure Do Fancy Col. T. R.

New York, Jan. 16.—"Yes, the Progressive party leaders have three possibilities in mind," said George W. Perkins today. "In the order of their preference they are: 'Former President Roosevelt,' 'Theodore Roosevelt,' 'Col. Roosevelt.'"

Mr. Perkins made this announcement when asked to comment on the dispatch from Chicago that the Progressive party generals, at the conference Tuesday, favored, after Col. Roosevelt, Justice Hughes, of the Supreme Court, and third, Gov. McCall, of Massachusetts.

U-BOAT BLAST IS A MYSTERY

Board of Inquiry Works All Day Without Finding Cause.

THEORY OF BOMB IN E-2 DENIED BY COMMANDANT

Edison's Chief Engineer Issues Statement Defending New Battery Made by the Inventor.

Special to The Washington Herald. New York, Jan. 16.—Mystery still envelops the cause of yesterday's explosion on the submarine E-2 at Brooklyn Navy Yard, in which four men lost their lives.

Vigorously denying rumors of a bomb explosion, Commander Frank B. Upham, aide to Rear Admiral Usher, commandant of the yard, said tonight:

"We know now that the explosion took place as a result of natural causes, and from something our own men did."

Miller Thomas Hutchison, chief engineer for Roscoe A. Edison, at the same time flatly denied that the explosion was due in any way to defects in the Edison battery, which was designed to avert these under-sea boat tragedy. After making an exhaustive investigation Mr. Hutchison said:

"Will Not Change Battery. 'As to the Edison battery, with all the facts and conditions before me, I see no reason to recommend to Mr. Edison any changes or alterations in the theory, construction or method of installation of the Edison submarine type of storage battery. The battery in the E-2 does not appear to have been injured in the least.'"

The investigation will be continued tomorrow.

Of the ten seriously injured victims of the accident, all but three were said tonight to be holding their own.

The special board of inquiry appointed by Admiral Usher to make a preliminary investigation of the explosion worked all day. The board spent practically all of its time between decks of the E-2.

Admiral Usher, on leaving the ship, said:

"The board met today but reached no conclusion. It will meet again tomorrow. There have been no further deaths and absolutely no new developments."

U.S. To Demand "Real" Blockade

This Country Cannot Recognize Stopping of Part of Teuton's Trade.

The United States will not recognize the proposed new blockade of Germany by Great Britain unless it is made absolutely effective.

To be legal in the eyes of the United States, such a blockade must not only strangle the shores of Germany on the North Sea, but must extend across this body of water between the Scandinavian countries and Germany.

A statement of this fact was obtained last night from highest official sources in the American State Department. The stand which this country will take, it was declared, it will be able to set forth succinctly. The United States will insist that the blockade, to be effective, must operate against trade between all neutral countries and Germany; and that it will not so operate unless Norway, Sweden and Denmark are as effectively shut off from commercial intercourse with Germany as the United States, Holland and other neutral countries.

In German embassy circles, it is declared that if Great Britain attempts to penetrate the Baltic for the purpose of establishing a blockade, she will have to undertake the most hazardous naval effort of the war.

SEEK AERO MAIL ROUTES.

Congress Will Be Asked to Establish Forty-three.

New York, Jan. 16.—The Aero Club of America will ask Congress to appropriate \$5,000,000 with which to establish and maintain forty-three aeroplane mail routes in the United States.

DAMPER OVER EDISON PLAN

Accident at New York May Prove Failure of New Battery Scheme.

PURCHASE CONDITIONAL UPON PROVED VALUE AFTER TESTS

Daniels Asserts He Does Not Know the Cause of the Explosion on Submarine E-2.

Recommendation by experts of the navy for the purchase of the Edison battery, which was installed on the submarine E-2, it was authoritatively learned last night, was only conditional. Realizing that the battery contained more or less serious defects the Bureau of Steam Engineering, it was stated, recommended that it should be installed on the E-2 and the L-8 with the understanding that the purchase should not be consummated until these defects had been remedied. It is further stated that Mr. Edison was having certain alterations tried out at the time the explosion occurred Saturday, which resulted in the killing of four men and the injuring of a number of other workmen.

It was learned from officials of the bureau that one of the problems still to be met at the time of the accident was the overcoming of the danger of explosions due to escaping hydrogen gas at the time the battery was discharging. In the statement issued Saturday night by Assistant Secretary of the Navy Roosevelt it was said that experiments had shown this gas escaped to an appreciable extent only when the battery was being charged.

Officers of the bureau declared last night, however, that the greatest escape of this gas always occurred when the battery was being discharged, a matter of particular concern, in view of the fact that in cruising the battery discharged only when the submarine was running under water.

While it is declared that no definite conclusion can be reached as to the future use of the battery until the technical report of the board of inquiry is before the bureau, it is also stated that the accident has naturally cast a damper over the prospects which Mr. Edison had held out.

Secretary of the Navy Daniels last night said:

"I regret the publication of a statement quoting me as giving an opinion as to the cause of the explosion on the E-2. 'I am not yet in possession of information which would enable me to state the cause of the accident, and I shall not be enabled to make such a statement until the official report reaches me.'"

Naval Heads in An Open Break

Admiral Fletcher's Ideas of Strategy Not in Accord with War College.

New York, Jan. 16.—Differences between Admiral Frank F. Fletcher, commanding the Atlantic Fleet, and the Naval War College at Newport, have reached the breaking point, according to reports received tonight. In consequence, it is said, Admiral Fletcher will turn his command over to Vice Admiral Henry T. Mayo next May, or earlier.

Friction between Admiral Fletcher and Rear Admiral A. M. Knight, head of the war college, has been an open secret for some time. It came to a head, when charges were sent by the War College to Secretary of the Navy Daniels that fundamental principles of strategy were violated by Admiral Fletcher during the war games last May and last October.

To this, according to the report, Admiral Fletcher replied that the plans of strategy prepared at the War College were merely academic and ignored exigencies of practice.

Throughout the fleet rumors are circulating that Admiral Benson and his associates advise the replacement of Admiral Fletcher by an officer whose ideas of strategy are in accord with those taught at the War College. Secretary Daniels is a strong supporter of the institution. Vice Admiral Mayo is the logical successor of Admiral Fletcher, Admiral Knight being barred by his retirement next December.

COLD WAVE PLANS TO TARRY HERE AWHILE

Due to Arrive Today and Increase in Frigidity the Longer It Remains in Washington.

Colder, still colder, much colder, and a real cold wave as the day and night progresses, are the pleasant prospects for Washington and its inhabitants today, according to the forecasters of the Weather Bureau. In addition to the increasing cold weather for today the forecaster promises that it will be very cloudy.

The only relief promised for Tuesday, or for some time, is a let up in the cloudiness. The real cold wave, according to the bureau, will continue indefinitely.

The lowest temperature reached yesterday was 28 degrees above zero, while the highest was 35 degrees.

Capital Attorney Demands Probe of Death of Brother In Omaha Seven Months Ago

William M. Browning, of Cleveland Park, Believes Death Was Not Accidental and Scouts Suicide Theory—Poison Victim Was Secretary of Traction Company Here.

A new investigation into the circumstances surrounding the death from bichloride of mercury poisoning in Omaha, Neb., last June of Henry W. Browning, formerly of this city, has been demanded by his brother, William M. Browning, attorney, of Washington, who has just returned from Omaha, where he held extended conferences with the district attorney of that city.

The death of Henry Browning was declared accidental by a coroner's jury following an inquest. Evidence adduced at the hearing and the testimony of Mrs. Browning, who said that the poison had been purchased at her request, tended to show that the deceased had swallowed the bichloride tablet in mistake for a breath-perfume tablet.

Mrs. Browning testified that with a friend she and her husband were standing in the front yard of their home, when her husband reached into his pocket and placed a tablet in his mouth. Shortly afterwards he became ill, she testified, and died within a few hours. This testimony was corroborated by a young woman who was a house guest.

Thirteen Horses Perish as \$10,000 Fire Sweeps Stables

Flames in Alley Near Second and C Streets Northeast Endanger Property Worth \$250,000—Two Alarms Sounded—Firemen Work Two Hours.

Twelve horses were burned to death, 30 other horses were threatened and more than \$250,000 worth of property was in imminent danger of destruction by fire in stables in an alley near Second and C streets northwest last night. One horse was shot after the fire. The damage was estimated at \$10,000. The cause of the fire was not learned.

The fire was discovered about 11 o'clock in the stable of Mrs. E. C. Trumbo. Thirteen horses were in the stable. Twenty horses were in a stable adjoining, and 200 horses of the Merchants' Transfer Company were in a large building less than a hundred feet away. All of the buildings were filled with hay and straw.

Two alleys cross at right angles in the block between B, C, First and Second streets, the interior of the block being occupied with the stable of the transfer company, a second large building used as a wheelwright shop by the company, a six-story veterinary hospital and college owned by Dr. C. B. Robinson, three smaller stables and a garage. Had the fire burned longer before the discovery the flames would have swept across the narrow alleys and gotten beyond control, it was said.

Mrs. Trumbo's stable is between two small barns owned by Dr. Robinson, both barns being damaged. When the firemen arrived the hay and straw in the Trumbo building were burning so that would-be rescuers of the thirteen horses were turned back. Twenty horses were led out of one of the Trumbo stables, the other barn being empty.

Employees of the transfer company's stable feared for a time they would have to lead out their 200 horses.

Two alarms brought out eight engines, four trucks and a water tower. The firemen poured water into the burning straw loft for more than two hours before the fire was extinguished.

Suffragette Warns America To Be Prepared for Strife

Mrs. Pankhurst Believes Preparedness Is Not a Matter of Political Expediency, but of National Necessity—Declares Germany Has Milk to Feed Infants.

Special to The Washington Herald. New York, Jan. 16.—"This war should teach America much. The greatest lesson America can learn from Europe's horrors is preparedness. England wasn't prepared. She and her allies will win. But neither England nor France was prepared, although the menace was growing before their eyes. America may not let the lesson go unlearned."

Thus spoke Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst today. The far-famed militancy of this English suffragette is burning as fiercely as ever. But it is burning for the success of the allied arms and not alone for the enfranchisement of her British subjects.

"I am not here to preach preparedness. I am here on an errand of mercy—to arouse the great sympathies of a great nation on behalf of an heroic little nation—Serbia."

Navy Department "Dawdling" in Delay In Building Battleships, Says Gardner

"Dawdling" is the term by which Representative A. P. Gardner, of Massachusetts, describes the inactivity of the Navy Department in the matter of delaying the construction of battleships for which appropriations have been made already by Congress.

Mr. Gardner uses the expression in a letter to the American Defense Society, which made it public yesterday. In the same communication he also gives little encouragement to the society in its effort to have certain naval experts called to testify before the House Naval Affairs Committee on the subject of national defense.

The failure of the department to undertake the construction of battleships Nos. 43 and 44, for which the money was voted by Congress in March, 1913, Mr. Gardner calls a "grotesque showing." "Ever since October 22," he adds, "I have been asking for the summons of Admirals Winslow, Pike and Knight, and more recently for the summons of Capt. Sims. In fact, last summer I asked President Wilson to send for Admiral Winslow before that officer was ordered to the Pacific. I am sorry to say that my request did not meet with the President's views, for my letter is still unanswered."

"With regard to the other officers whom you name, I hope that you will take up the matter with some members of the Committee on Naval Affairs. I think Chairman Padgett is inclined to be reasonable, although last year the committee refused to summon Admirals Brownson, Winslow, Knight and Wainwright.

"Judging by Admiral Sanford's evidence, I cannot see any likelihood of battleship No. 44 being even begun under nineteen or twenty months from the date when Congress voted the money to build it. Neither do I expect that the keel of battleship No. 43 will be laid many days before next Christmas. What a grotesque showing. I don't know where the fault lies, but it ought to be somebody's business to find out."

Mr. Gardner calls attention to the fact that neither the Nevada nor Oklahoma is yet in commission, although Congress voted the money to build them on March 4, 1911, nearly five years ago. "How can anyone," he adds, "excuse such dawdling?"

CARRANZA NOT AFTER BANDITS

This Is Statement Made by Americans Arriving from Chihuahua.

ENGINEER SAYS OFFICIALS LIED TO U. S. AUTHORITIES

Andrew Livingstone Declares Carranza Soldiers Are Not Seeking to Avenge Massacre.

Special to The Washington Herald. El Paso, Jan. 16.—Absolutely nothing is being done by the Carranzista authorities in Chihuahua to avenge the massacre of Americans at Santa Ysabel, according to five Americans who arrived here tonight from Chihuahua City.

Andrew Livingstone, a well-known mining engineer, one of the party, said:

"Carranza officials in Chihuahua lied when they telegraphed to the border that 1,500 soldiers had been sent out to run down the perpetrators of the Santa Ysabel massacre. I left Santa Ysabel yesterday noon and up to that time not a single Carranzista soldier was anywhere within twenty-five miles of the scene of the massacre."

"The Carranza officials came just as near the truth when they say there are only two or three small bands of Villistas left. They know very well that Villa has more than 5,000 men under him, and that so long as these men are at large the life of Americans in the territory they control is not worth 2 cents."

All British subjects in the state of Chihuahua today were ordered to quit. Mexican consular agents in Chihuahua were immediately notified. This is the first time British subjects have been warned out of Mexico.

American miners and other investigators insist the effort of the Carranzistas to run to earth the real murderers of the Americans in Santa Ysabel has been made without great effort to capture the bandits.

A refugee train, bearing 137 foreigners to the border, which left Chihuahua City yesterday, has been stranded five miles south of Terra Blanca by the derailing of the engine.

Mrs. Mohr Has Day with Family

Accused Woman Plays Parchesi with "Charlie" Before Putting Kiddies to Bed.

By SOPHIE TREADWELL. Providence, Jan. 16.—Mrs. Elizabeth Mohr, with her little boy, "Charlie," and Virginia, her small daughter, this evening spent several of the happiest hours that the little family have had together since that August evening that ended in Dr. Mohr's tragic death.

This morning Mrs. Mohr went quietly to mass. This afternoon, she was calm and cheerful. She wrote several letters. Tonight, just before she put her children to bed, she played parchesi with "Charlie."

The prosecution has witnesses by whose testimony they hope to prove that Brown and Spellman, the two negro boys, killed Dr. Mohr. Several minor witnesses will be put on the stand tomorrow, persons who saw two negroes on a motorcycle near the scene of the crime and a few minutes after the shooting.

The keystone of the State's case is Heals, the negro chauffeur, who is expected to tell a dramatic story, not only of the actual murder, but of the many conversations that preceded it, during which Mrs. Mohr is said to have told the boys they "must not go back on her" and that she would give them \$5,000 to set them up in the garage business if they succeeded in killing her husband.

THOUSANDS HOMELESS FROM \$40,000,000 FIRE

Flames, Aided by Hurricane, Sweep City of Bergen—Buildings Dynamited to Stop Their Advance.

Christiansburg, Jan. 16.—Twenty thousand persons are homeless as a result of a fire which swept the city of Bergen today, causing property damage estimated at \$40,000,000.

The fire, which originated in the business district, gained rapid headway. The flames were fanned by a hurricane and soon all the largest business buildings, hotels, newspapers, telephone and telegraph stations were destroyed.

Efforts of the firemen and police to control the conflagration as the flames swept into the residential district proved futile and dynamite was used to blow up the buildings in the path of the fire.

KAISER REPORTED RECOVERED

Wilhelm Returns to the Theater of War.

Berlin, Jan. 16.—The following official communication was issued today:

"After his complete recovery, Emperor Wilhelm returned this afternoon to the war theater."

Dr. Baker Speaks

"The Evolution of Man" was the subject of a lecture last evening by Dr. W. W. Baker, before the Washington Theosophical Federation, at its hall, 1216 H street. The evolution of the life side, or finer bodies, was emphasized.

CARRANZA FORMALLY PROMISES TO PUNISH BANDITS WITH DEATH

Mexican Leader Laments Murder of Americans and Asks People of U. S. to Consider Difficult Problems Facing Him, CHARGES MASSACRE TO VILLA

State Department's Report on Mexico to the Senate Will Be Delayed—Senator Fall Says "America" Is Spelled "Anaemia" Below the Border.

Secretary Lansing wired Consul Silliman, at Queretaro, last Wednesday as follows:

"Urgently request Gen. Carranza that he order immediate and efficient pursuit, capture, and punishment of the perpetrators of the dastardly crime. Also strongly urge immediate dispatch of adequate forces to the various mining camps in the state of Chihuahua."

Consul Silliman, at Queretaro, wired Secretary Lansing yesterday as follows:

"Gen. Carranza said that he had already issued orders for the immediate pursuit, capture, and punishment of those responsible for the atrocity."

"He said he had declared those responsible outside the law, to be punished with death if caught."

Gen. Venustiano Carranza, First Chief of the de facto government of Mexico, has decreed death to the bandits who murdered the seven American citizens and one Canadian at Santa Ysabel, Mexico, last Monday.

This is Carranza's response to the formal representations sent to him last week by the American government demanding the immediate pursuit, capture and punishment of the perpetrators of the wholesale massacre.

The answer was communicated to Secretary of State Lansing yesterday by United States Consul John R. Silliman, who laid the representations of the United States before the First Chief at Queretaro, Mexico, last Thursday.

Appeals to American People. Carranza appeals to Secretary Lansing and the American people to bear with him in his efforts to guard the wide stretches of territory in Northern Mexico, where the murders took place, and reminds the people of this country that even in the best ordered communities in all countries outbursts against law and order will occur with destruction of life and property.

He directly charges Villa with complicity in last Monday's outrage, and describes the murders as part of a deliberate effort to involve Mexico in international complications.

The message of Consul Silliman, reciting the reply of Carranza, is as follows:

"Department's telegram January 12, massacre Americans at Santa Ysabel, received at 8:20, and immediately placed before Gen. Carranza by me in person. Gen. Carranza said that he had already issued orders for the immediate pursuit, capture and punishment of those responsible for the atrocity. He stated that he believed this outrage was committed by men associated directly with Villa, and that it was done especially to provoke international troubles at this time. He said he had declared those responsible outside the law, to be punished with death, if caught."

"He appeals to the Secretary of State and to the public of the United States to consider the wide strip of the central railway, the great difficulty of guarding the entire distance, and the comparatively easy task of destroying a train or attacking a small force."

"Will Protect Americans." He says that nobody can lament more than he such an atrocity or be more concerned about it, but that protection is relative and that even in the best regulated states outbursts of disorders and lawlessness may cause destruction of property and loss of life.

"He says he is expecting full reports from Gen. Trevino and that all efforts will be made to protect Americans and any other foreigners who may be in the district. His belief is the massacre was made premeditatedly by a band who fled at once after the raid."

The report on Mexico called for by the resolution of Senator Fall, of New Mexico, will probably be submitted to the Senate by the State Department on Thursday, instead of tomorrow as originally announced. The reason for the delay given by department officials last night is that the force of clerks available is not large enough to compile the required data before Wednesday night.

The report will not be submitted directly to the Senate by the State Department, but will go to the President, who will decide what part of the information is to be submitted to the Senate and what part will be withheld.

"What the Senate wants to know, in my opinion," said Senator Fall, "and what the people want to know, is the simple truth about Mexico."

"The issues involved are too grave to be befogged by cries of political bias. America is split 'Anaemia' in Mexico."

Believe Today at 4—Newman Travel talk on Brazil. Wonderful views—Ad.

ASIA CENTER OF FIGHTING

Three Separate Engagements Now Being Fought with Unsettled Results.

BRITISH RELIEF FORCE PUSHES FORWARD IN MESOPOTAMIA

Official Report Says Turks Suffered Series of Defeats and Are Now in Flight.

London, Jan. 16.—The strong fighting center of the great war has moved to Asia.

Three separate engagements are being fought.

On the Caucasus front, Grand Duke Nicholas is fighting the Turks on a 100-mile front in a desperate endeavor to smash his way through into Mesopotamia.

In Persia, the Russians are at grips with the Turks and Germans below Hamadan.

In Mesopotamia the Turks have been defeated in their endeavor to beat back Gen. Nymyer, who is endeavoring to relieve the 10,000 British troops beleaguered at Kut-el-Amara, on the Tigris.

The Caucasus engagement is 200 miles northeast of Kut-el-Amara and about the same distance from Bagdad, and it is for this Persian center of communication and key to the east that the triangular campaign is being fought.

The center of the Caucasian fight is along the slopes of the Karajagh Dagh Mountains, on the head waters of the Tigris. A new and general offensive has taken place here by re-enforced Russian columns. The Turks claim to have been victorious.

The Russian official report claims a victory at some unnamed place.

On the other hand, the account of the Persian campaign is altogether from Russian sources, and claims a victory.

The report of the Mesopotamia fighting, issued by the official press bureau tonight, shows that the Turkish army, which lay in force on both banks of the Tigris, twenty-five miles south of Kut-el-Amara, in an attempt to bar the British relief expedition, has suffered a series of defeats and is now in flight.

KING GEORGE OPTIMISTIC.

Wires King Peter Allies in Position to Win Final Victory.

Saloniki, Jan. 16.—King George V, of England, wired Peter, of Serbia, on the occasion of the Greek New Year as follows:

"I am fully convinced that the allies, with the heroic Serbian army, are now in a position to win back for your people complete independence and to secure final victory."

Cameroons Reopened to Trade.

London, Jan. 16.—The official press bureau announces that Victoria and Rio del Rey, in the Cameroons, had been reopened to trade, subject to restrictions.